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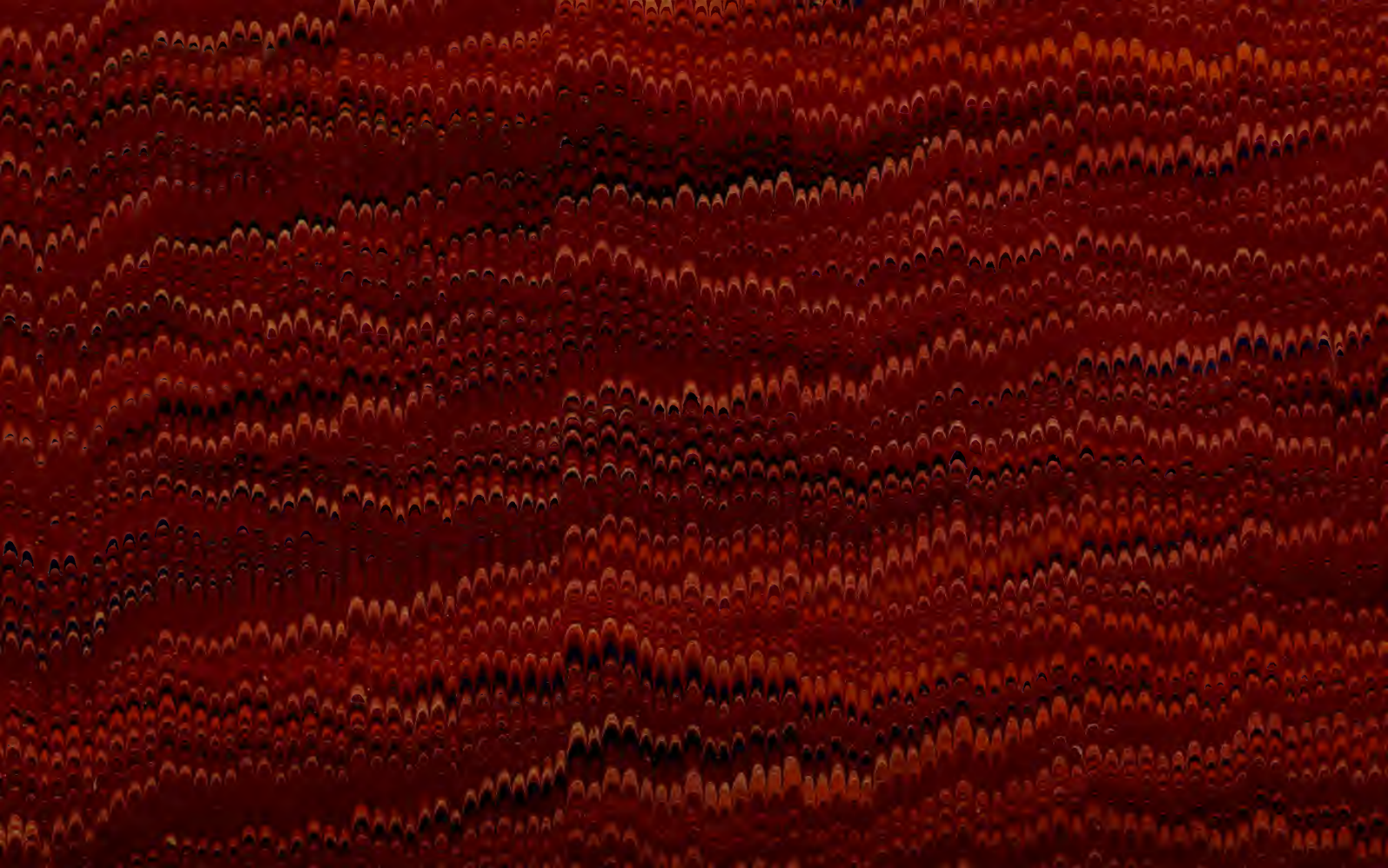
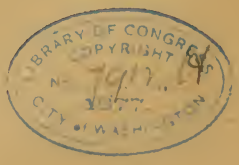


Corrected Edition

CHRONOLOGICAL

TABLES OF THE BIBLE.

BY GEO. R. MALLORY.



MILLER & LOCKWOOD, KATONAH, NEW YORK.
1877.

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PREFACE.

The undersigned, having conceived the idea of getting up a Chronological Table of the Bible, has, by very diligent study, been able to accomplish the undertaking, with very satisfactory results. This little book is submitted to the Public as being correct and reliable.

G. R. MALLORY,

June, 1877. New York City.

CHRONOLOGICAL TABLES OF THE BIBLE.

BEFORE THE DELUGE.

Names.	Born.	Death.	No. of Yrs. Old.
Adam	Created.	930	930
Seth	130	1042	912
Enos	105	1010	905
Cainan	90	1000	910
Mahalaleel	70	965	895
Jared	65	1027	962
Enoch	162	527	365
Methuselah	65	1034	969
Lamech	187	964	777
Noah	182		
Noah was in his	600th year	when Flood began.	
	1656		

The Flood commenced April 17, 1656, and ended March 1st, 1657, which was in the 601st year of Noah's age.

The inhabitants of the earth, previous to the year 601, were all drowned, excepting Noah, his wife, his sons Ham, Japheth and Shem, and their wives, making in all eight persons to begin the world with the second time.

The first year after the Flood begins March 1st, and will be counted as the year 1, instead of 1657.

Years.	Names.	Years.	Names.
1	Adam and Eve created.	622	Enoch born.
130	Seth born.	687	Methuselah born.
235	Enos born.	874	Lamech born.
325	Cainan born,	1056	Noah born.
395	Mahalaleel born.	1656	Flood began April 17.
460	Jared born.		

The first year after 1656 begins March 1st, and is counted as the year 1.

AFTER THE FLOOD.

YEARS.

1. Noah, his wife, their sons Japheth, Ham and Shem, and their wives, making eight persons, constituted the total number of the second world's inhabitants on March 1.
2. Arphaxad, son of Shem, born.
37. Salah, son of Arphaxad, born.
69. Eber, son of Salah, born.
103. Peleg, son of Eber, born.
136. Reu, son of Peleg, born.
168. Serug, son of Reu, born.
198. Nehor, son of Serug, born.
227. Terah, son of Nehor, born.
297. Abraham, son of Terah, born.
397. Isaac, son of Abraham, born.
457. Jacob, son of Isaac, born.
457. Esau, son of Isaac, born.
548. Levi, son of Jacob, born.
554. Joseph, son of Jacob, born.

553. Benjamin, son of Jacob, born.

602. Kohath, son of Levi, born.

652. Amram, son of Kohath, born.

703. Aaron, son of Amram, born.

706. Moses, son of Amram, born.

708. Miriam, daughter of Amram, born.

741. Joshua, son of Nun, born.

1192. David, son of Jesse, born.

1224. Solomon, son of David, born.

The great starting point in these tables is the year that Moses was 80 years old and left Ramses in Egypt with the captive Israelites, who became freed from their captivity after they had crossed the Red Sea in the year 786. Numbers xxxii., 3; Deuteronomy xvi., 1.

Moses born in 706; being 80 years old = 786 years.

Abraham went to dwell in Canaan in the year 368; the Israelites left Egypt 418 years afterwards = 786 years.

Jacob went to dwell in Egypt when he was 130 years old, which was in the year 582; the Israelites left Egypt 204 years afterwards = 786 years. Genesis xlvii., 7, 8, 9, 28.

Solomon began to build his temple in the fourth year of his reign, which was in 1266; the Israelites left Egypt 480 years before = 786 years. 1. Kings, vi., 1 to 38.

Years.		
786.	Moses began his reign of	40 years.
826.	Joshua began his reign of	25 years.
851.	Adonibezek began his reign of	0 years.
851.	Chushanrishathaim. Jews in captivity	8 years.
859.	Othniel began his reign of	40 years.
899.	Eglon. Jews in captivity	18 years.
917.	Ehud began his reign of	8 years.
925.	Shamegar began his reign of	0 years.
925.	Jabin. Jews in captivity	20 years.
945.	Barak began his reign of	40 years.
985.	Oreb. Jews in captivity	7 years.
992.	Gideon began his reign of	40 years.
1032.	Abimelech began his reign of	3 years.
1035.	Tola began his reign of	23 years.
1058.	Jair began his reign of	22 years.
1080.	———. Jews in captivity	18 years.
1098.	Jeptha began his reign of	6 years.
1104.	Ibzan began his reign of	7 years.
1111.	Elon began his reign of	10 years.
1121.	Abdon began his reign of	8 years.
1129.	———. Jews in captivity	40 years
1169.	Samson began his reign of	20 years.
1189.	Anarchy	18 years.

1207.	Saul began his reign of	20 years.
1227.	Ishbosheth began his reign of	2 years.
1229.	David began his reign of	33 years.
1262.	Solomon began his reign of	40 years.
1302.	Rehoboam began his reign of	17 years.
1319.	Abijah began his reign of	3 years.
1322.	Asa began his reign of	41 years.
1363.	Jehosaphat began his reign of	25 years.
1388.	Jehoram began his reign of	8 years.
1396.	Ahaziah began his reign of	1 year.
1397.	Athalia began her reign of	6 years.
1403.	Jehoash began his reign of	40 years.
1443.	Amaziah began his reign of	29 years.
1472.	Uzziah began his reign of	52 years.
1524.	Jotham began his reign of	16 years.
1540.	Ahaz began his reign of	16 years.
1556.	Hezekiah began his reign of	29 years.
1585.	Manasseh began his reign of	55 years.
1640.	Amon began his reign of	2 years.
1642.	Josiah began his reign of	31 years.
1673.	Shallum began his reign of	39 years.
1712.	Jehoahaz began his reign of	8 years.
1720.	Jehoiakim began his reign of	8 years.
1728.	Jehoiakim began his reign of	2 years, 9 mos.
1730.	Jehoiachin began his reign of	3 mos.
1731.	Zedekiah began his reign of	11 years.
1742.	Nebuchadnezzar. Jews in captivity	70 years.
1812.	Cyrus, king of Persia, began his reign of	7 years.
1819.	Cambysses began his reign of	3 years.
1822.	Darius began his reign of	37 years.
1859.	Exerxes began his reign of	13 years.
1872	Artaxerxes began his reign of	47 years.
1919.	Exerxes began his reign of	40 days.
1919.	Sogdianus began his reign of	6 mos.
1919.	Ochus (Darius Nothus) began his reign of	20 years.
1939.	Arsaces (Artaxerxes Menemon) began his reign of	43 years.
1982.	Ochus began his reign of	28 years.
2010	Arses began his reign of	3 years.
2013.	Darius Codomanus began his reign of	5 years.
2018.	John Hyrcanus began his reign of	30 years.
2048.	Aristobulus 1st began his reign of	1 year.
2049.	Alexander Janneas began his reign of	27 years.
2076.	Alexandra began her reign of	9 years.
2085.	Aristobulus 2d began his reign of	5 years.
2090.	John Hyrcanus began his reign of	27 years.
2117.	Antigonus began his reign of	0 years.
2117.	Herod the Great began his reign of	38 years.
	Total	1369 years.
	Starting point brought down	786 years.
	Total number of years from the Flood	2155 years.

After the Birth of Jesus Christ.

Years.		
1.	Herod the Great continues his reign	5 years.
5.	Archelaus, his son, began his reign of	9 years.

14.	Herod Agrippa began his reign of	24 years.
38.	Herod Agrippa continues his reign	5 years.
43.	Cuspus Fadus, procurator	6 years.
49.	Ventidius Cumanus, procurator	3 years.
52.	Herod Agrippa, Jr., began his reign of	18 years.
	Total	70 years.

From creation of the world to Flood, inclusive	1656 years.
From the Flood to the birth of Jesus Christ, inclusive	2155 years.
Years of the world	3811 years.
Archbishop Ussher's year of the world	4004 years.
Difference	193 years.

Recapitulation of Table commencing on Page 5.

From 786 to 1207	421 years.
" 1207 " 1266	59 years.
" 1266 " 1277	11 years.
" 1277 " 1742	465 years.
" 1742 " 2155	413 years.
	1369 years
Starting point brought down	786 years.
Total	2155 years.

Kings who Reigned over Israel in Sechem, Tirzah and Samaria.

Years.		
1305.	Jereboam reigned	22 yrs.
1327.	Nadab reigned	2 yrs.
1329.	Baasha reigned	24 yrs.
1353.	Elah reigned	2 yrs.
1355.	Zimri reigned	7 days
1355.	Omri & Tibini reigned	4 yrs.
1359	Omri reigned	6 yrs.
1365.	Omri reigned	6 yrs.
1371	Ahab reigned	34 yrs.
1405	Ahaziah reigned	2 yrs.
1407	Joram reigned	12 yrs.
1419.	Jehu reigned	27 yrs.
1446.	Jehoahaz reigned	17 yrs.
1463.	Joash reigned	16 yrs.
1479.	Jereboam reigned	40 yrs.
1519.	Zechariah reigned	6 mos.
1519	Shallum reigned	1 mo.
1520.	Menahem reigned	10 yrs.
1530.	Pekahiah reigned	2 yrs.
1532	Pekah reigned	20 yrs.
1552.	Hoshea reigned	9 yrs.
	From 850 B. C. to 594 B. C.	256 yrs.

Governor of Galilee.

A. C.		
5.	Herod, Jr., began his reign of	33 years.

CORRECTIONS.

On page 4— 69 should read..... 67
103 should read..... 101
136 should read..... 131
168 should read..... 163
198 should read..... 193
227 should read..... 222
297 should read..... 292
397 should read..... 392
457 should read..... 452
548 should read..... 536
554 should read..... 549
On page 9— 558 should read..... 553
585 should read..... 580
586 should read..... 581
587 should read..... 582
604 should read..... 599
664 should read..... 659
685 should read..... 673
1276 should read..... 1277
On page 10—1305 should read..... 1307
1362 should read..... 1388
1402 should read..... 1595
1455 should read..... 1463
1585 should read..... 1570
What Terentius Varro says is erased.
On page 11—1712 should read..... 1720
1722 should read..... 1723
1723 should read..... 1730
1741. 39 should read 43.
On page 12—1917, 1993, 1996, are erased.
On page 14— 67. The word "took" should read "besieged."
The corrections on this page are erased.

AFTER THE FLOOD.

YEARS.

2. Shem, son of Noah, is 100 years old.
282. Sarah, wife of Abraham, born.
350. Noah dies, being 950 years old.
368. Abraham went to dwell in Canaan.
378. Hagar becomes Abraham's second wife.
378. Ishmael, son of Abraham, by Hagar, born. Genesis, xvii., 16.
409. Sarah dies, being 127 years old.
432. Rebekah is married to Isaac.
492. Esau, at the age of 40, marries Judith, daughter of Beere, and Bashmeath, daughter of Elon.
515. Esau marries Mahalath, daughter of Ishmael.
532. Jacob, being 80 years old, goes to Pandan Aram.
539. Jacob, being 87 years old, marries Leah, daughter of Laban.
546. Jacob, being 94 years old, marries Rachel, daughter of Laban.

558. Jacob, being 101 years old, and his third term of seven years' service having expired, with his family, went to dwell in the land of Canaan.

558. Rachel, Jacob's second wife, dies on the way.

585. Menasseh, son of Joseph, born.

586. Ephraim, son of Joseph, born.

587. Jacob, being 130 years old, goes to dwell in Egypt.

604. Jacob, being 147 years old, dies.

664. Joseph, being 110 years old, dies.

685. Levi, being 137 years old, dies.

702. Amram marries Jochebed, daughter of Levi.

735. Kohath, being 133 years old, dies.

746. Moses marries Ziporah, daughter of Jethro Raguel, of Midian.

747. Gershon, son of Moses, born.

748. Eleazer, son of Moses, born.

786. Moses, being 80 years old, leaves Ramses in Egypt, March 15th, with all the captive Israelites, thus freeing them from bondage.

787. Miriam dies in Kadesh, in the desert of Zin, which was reached this year by the Israelites under Moses.

789. Amram, being 137 years old, dies.

826. Aaron, being 123 years old, dies.

826. Moses, being 120 years old, dies.

851. Joshua captures Jerusalem.

851. Joshua, with his army, is besieged by the combined forces of the following kings: Horam, Piram, Japhia, Debir and Adonizedek, known as the Amorite kings. Joshua's army destroyed the Amorites' army, and the said five kings fled and hid themselves in a cave. They were pursued, found, and brought back to Joshua, who ordered them to be killed, and their bodies to be thrown into the cave where they had secreted themselves.

851. It was during the battle with the Amorite kings that Joshua commanded the sun and moon to stand still. And there was no day like that before it or after it.

1229. Jerusalem was called Jebus, and its inhabitants Jebusites. This was in the time of Saul and David of Hebron, who took the place and called it the City of David. I. Chronicles, xi., 4–9.

1266. Solomon begins, in the 4th year of his reign, to build "The House of God," known as Solomon's temple.

1276. The temple of Solomon is finished.

1296. Judah and Simon took Jerusalem. Judges i., 7, 8.

1305. Shishak, king of Egypt, took Jerusalem. II. Chronicles, xii., 9.

1337. Zera, the Cushite king, besieged Jerusalem, but was repulsed with great slaughter by Asa, the king.

1356. Samaria was founded by King Omri.

1362. Jericho was founded by Hiel of Bethlem.

1369. Benhadad was king of Syria.

1380. Mesha was king of the Moabites.

1394. The Philistines and Arabians took Jerusalem and sacked the city. II. Chronicles, xxi., 8–9.

1396. Hazel was king of Syria.

1402. Rome was founded by Romulus. Terentius Varro says the Festival of Palitia was celebrated at Rome in the 991st year of the age of Rome, during the consulship of Ulpius and Pontiaunus. Now this consulship corresponds with our 238th year of the Christain era; 238 from 991 leaves 753 years B. C.

1443. Hazel, king of Syria, laid seige to the city of Jerusalem; but the siege was raised by a timely offer of treasure. II. Chronicles, xxiv., 23.

1455. Joash, king of Israel, took Jerusalem. II. Chronicles, xxv., 21-24.

1555. Resin, king of Syria, and Pekah, king of Israel, took Jerusalem, and sent Ahaz the king to Damascus a prisoner. II. Chronicles, xxviii., 5.

1577. Phul was king of Nineveh.

1578. Sardanapalus was the last king of the Assyrian Empire. He reigned 24 years. The Assyrian Empire is said to have existed 1450 years after the Flood. If so, it must have been founded 150 years A. F.

1585. Sennacherib, king of Assyria, laid siege to Jerusalem; but it was very suddenly raised, and the city again saved from desolation. II. Chronicles, xxxii., 21.

1601. Belesis or Nabonassar, or, as the Scripture calls him, Baladan, began his reign of 11 years, as the first king of Babylon.

1612. Merodach Baladan began to reign. From the end of his reign to the year 1691 nothing is known. So says Rollins' "Ancient History."

1691. Saosduchin, or Nebuchodonosor the first, began his reign of 9 years as king of Babylon and Nineveh.

1700. Saracus, called Chynaladanus, began his reign of 22 years

1712. Pharaoh Necho, king of Egypt, took Jerusalem, deposed Jehoahaz, and placed his brother Jehoiakim on the throne. II. Chronicles, xxxv., 4.

1722. Nabopolassars began his reign of 18 years.

1723. Nebuchodnezzar, king of Babylon, took Jerusalem, sacked the city, deposed Jehoiakim, and placed Jehoiachin on the throne. II. Chronicles, xxxvi., 6–10.

1724. Nineveh is destroyed.

1741. Nabuchodonosor began his reign of 39 years over Babylon.

1742. Nabuchodonosor, king of Babylon, again laid siege to Jerusalem on the 9th of June. The city was taken at midnight, sacked, and everything of value carried off. On the 7th of July the city and temple were set on fire, and in a short time the whole city was reduced to a heap of blackened ruins, in which state it continued for 70 years. Zedekiah the king and his people were taken prisoners and marched to Babylon. Thus Jerusalem was destroyed 465 years after Solomon's temple was finished. II. Chronicles, xxxvi., 17–21.

1742. The 70 years' captivity of the Jews began.

1747. Nebuchodonosor, king of Babylon, on his way to Egyyt, again visited the ruins of Jerusalem, and swept off 745 more of the wretched peasants in its vicinity. The total number of prisoners taken was 4,600. Jeremiah lii., 28–30.

1762. Nabuchodonosor, king of Babylon, besieged the city of Tyre for 13 years.

1776. Nabuchodonosor, king of Babylon, was this year reduced to the condition of beasts for a term of 7 years, after which he reigned one year, and was succeeded by his son.

1784. Evil Merodach began his reign of 2 years over Babylon.

1786. Neriglissor began his reign of 6 years over Babylon.

1792. Labarosoarchod began his reign of 9 months over Babylon.

1792. Labynit, called in Scripture Belshazzar, began his reign of 18 years. He was killed at Babylon, when the city was taken by the Persians in the year 1810. Thus ended the Babylonian Empire.

1812. The 70 years' captivity of the Jews ended.

1812. Zerubabel, by order of Cyrus, king of Persia, goes to Babylon, and with the captive Jews returns to the ruins of Jerusalem, and begins to organize and prepare to rebuild the city and Solomon's temple.

1814. Zerubabel begins April 2d to lay the foundation wall of Solomon's temple. The work had not progressed far before an unwarranted interference took place, resulting in the abandonment of the work for 10 years.

1824. The building of the temple and wall of the city was resumed.

1827. The temple was finished February 3d, in the 6th year of the reign of Darius, king of Persia.

1828. Ezra goes from Babylon to the city of Jerusalem. He leaves Babylon March 1st, and arrives at Jerusalem on the 1st July.

1891. Ezra is appointed Governor of Jerusalem by Artaxerxes.

1904. Nehemiah is appointed Governor of Jerusalem by Artaxerxes, it being the thirty-second year of his reign. Nehemiah ordered the building of the wall around the city to be resumed, and in the space of 52 days the wall and gates were finished.

1917. Ptolemy Soter took Jerusalem.

1939. Bagoses appointed Governor of Jerusalem by Arsaces (Artaxerxes Menemon).

1992. Alexander the Great was born. He succeeded his father Philip as king of Macedon.

1993. Antiochus Theos took Jerusalem.

1996. Ptolemy Philapator took Jerusalem.

2012. Philip, king of Macedon, dies.

2012. Alexander the Great began his reign of 14 years as king of Macedon.

2013. Darius Codamanus began his reign of 5 years.

2018. Alexander the Great visited Jerusalem during the reign of Darius Codamanus, upon which occasion he was met outside the city by the high priest Jaddua.

2024. Alexander the Great retires to Babylon, which city he made his home.

2025. Alexander the Great is taken sick and dies, being 33 years old. He is succeeded by his brother Aridæus, who was declared to be king in his stead. The regency of the kingdom was given to Perdiccas.

2055. Julius (Caius) Cæsar was born, July 12th.

2060. Alexander Janneas took Jerusalem.

2090. Pompey took Jerusalem during the reign of King Aristobulus II.

2092. Herod the Great was born.

2101. Crassus took the city of Jerusalem, and carried off a large amount of treasure, estimated at two million pounds sterling, or about ten million dollars.

2107. Antipater, the father of Phasael and Herod the Great, was appointed Procurator of Galilee by Julius Cæsar.

2111. Julius (Caius) Cæsar is assassinated in the Roman Senate March 15th, being in the 56th year of his age.

2114. Anthony visits Syria.

2114. Herod the Great, son of Antipater, is appointed Tetrarch of Galilee by Anthony.

2114. Phasael is appointed Tetrarch of Syria by Anthony.

2115. Herod the Great, having fled to Rome, is through favor appointed King of Judea by Octavius (Augustus Cæsar).

2117. Herod the Great began his reign in the year he took the city of Jerusalem. He reigned 43 years.

2138. Herod the Great orders some portions of the temple to be rebuilt, and makes some addition, all of which he completed in the space of 18 months.

2138. Herod, Jr., was born 17 years before Christ. So says Watson's biographical work.

2155. Jesus Christ was born in the city of Bethlem on 31st of January.

The next year would be 2156, but, in order to keep in line with the present Christian era, the first year after 2155 is counted as the year 1 A. C. (after Christ).

1. Jesus Christ, as an infant, was by Mary and Joseph presented at the temple March 14th, on the occasion of the Passover. Luke ii., 21–35.

5. Herod the Great dies, being 68 years old.

13. Jesus Christ, being now 12 years of age, attends with Mary and Joseph the Passover in the city of Jerusalem. Luke ii., 41–49.

14. Archelaus, son of Herod the Great, was, by reason of his barbarous treatment of the Jews, banished to Vienna, a city in Gaul.

14. Herod Agrippa is by Roman authority appointed Governor of Jerusalem, and reigns 24 years.

28. In the 6th year of Pontius Pilate Jesus Christ was crucified, which was in the year 34 A. C. Pontius Pilate was Procurator 8 years.

34. Jesus Christ was crucified in the city of Jerusalem March 14th, being 33 years, 1 month, and 12 days old.

38. Herod, Jr., son of Herod the Great, is banished to Lugdumum in Spain by authority from Rome. He reigned as Tetrarch of Galilee 33 years, his appointment originating with his father.

38. Herod Agrippa reappointed Governor of Judea, and reigns 5 years.

43. Cuspus Fadus by authority from Rome is appointed Procurator of Judea for 6 years.

49. Ventidius Cumanus succeeds Cuspus Fadus as Procurator, and reigns 3 years.

52. Herod Agrippa, Jr., is by authority from Rome appointed Governor of Judea, reigns 18 years, and returns to Rome with Titus.

67. Cestus Gallus took Jerusalem.

70. Titus took the city of Jerusalem, and on the 10th of July the temple was set on fire. On the 11th of August a breach in the wall of the upper part of the city was made, and the Roman soldiers entered the upper city. After some severe fighting, this part of the city was taken. On the 12th of August Titus ordered all that remained of the city to be set on fire, and it was entirely destroyed. Thus the prophecy of Jesus Christ was fulfilled.

Roman Procurators in Judea appointed by authority at Rome.

A. C.	
7.	Coponius, for 3 years.
10.	M. Ambivious, for 5 years.
15.	Annis Rufus, for 10 years.
25.	Val Gratus, for 3 years.
28.	Pontius Pilate, for 8 years.
36.	Vitellus, for 3 years.
39.	P. Petronius, for 1 year.
40.	Claudius, for 3 years.
43.	Cuspus Fadus, for 6 years.
52.	Ventidius Cumanus, for 6 years.
56.	Felix, for 4 years.
60.	Porcius Festus, for 1 year.
61.	Albinus, for 3 years.
64.	Gessius Florus, for 1 year.
65.	Cestus Gallus, for 1 year.
66.	John and Eleazer, for 1 year.
67.	Simon B. Gioras, for 3 years.

CORRECTION.

The commencement of page 6 should read as follows:

A. F.		
1207.	Saul began his reign of	20 years.
1227.	Ishbosheth began his reign of	2 years.
1229.	David began his reign of	33 years.

CHRONOLOGICAL

TABLES OF THE BIBLE.

BY GEO. R. MALLORY.

MILLER & LOCKWOOD, KATONAH, NEW YORK.
1877.

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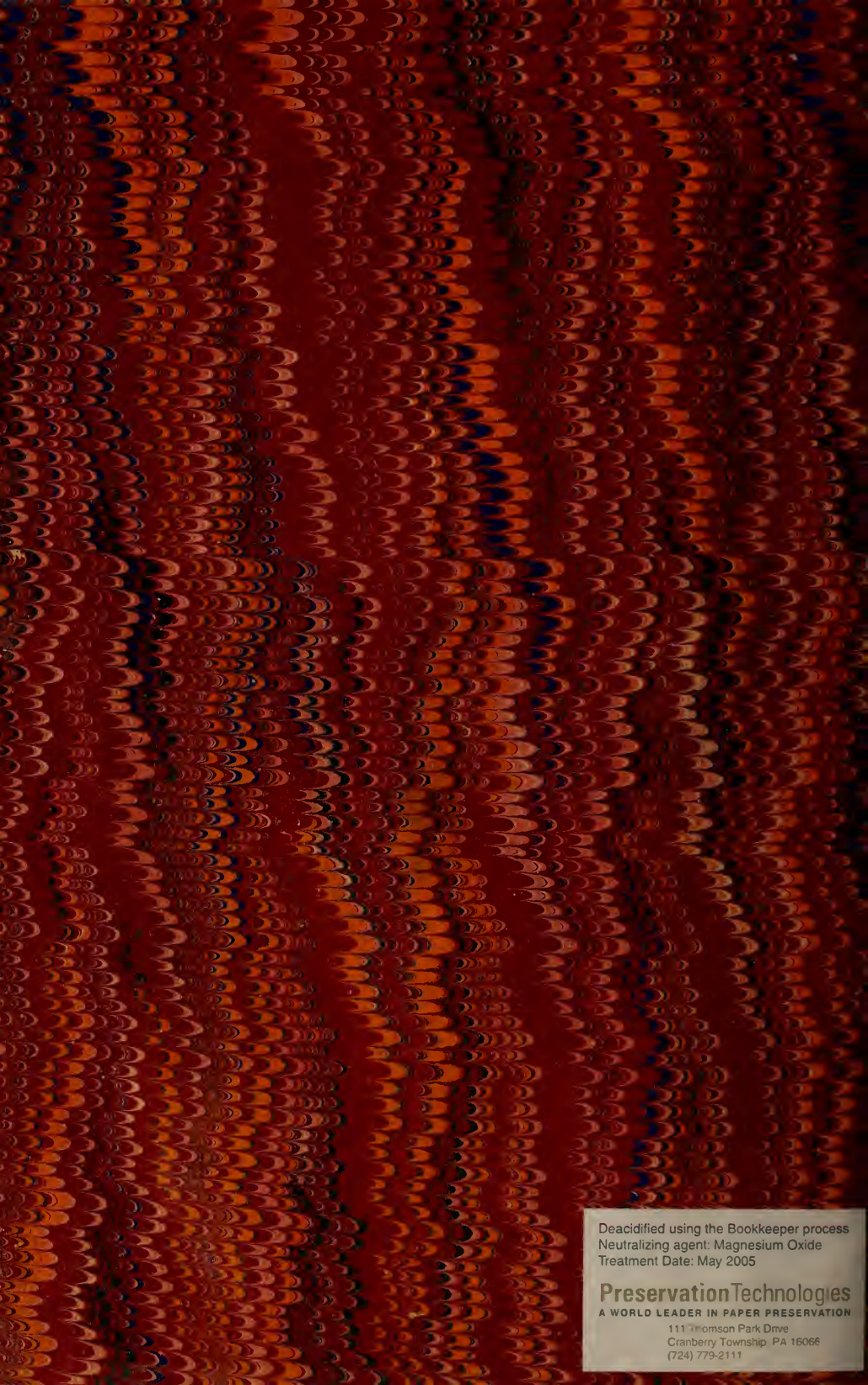

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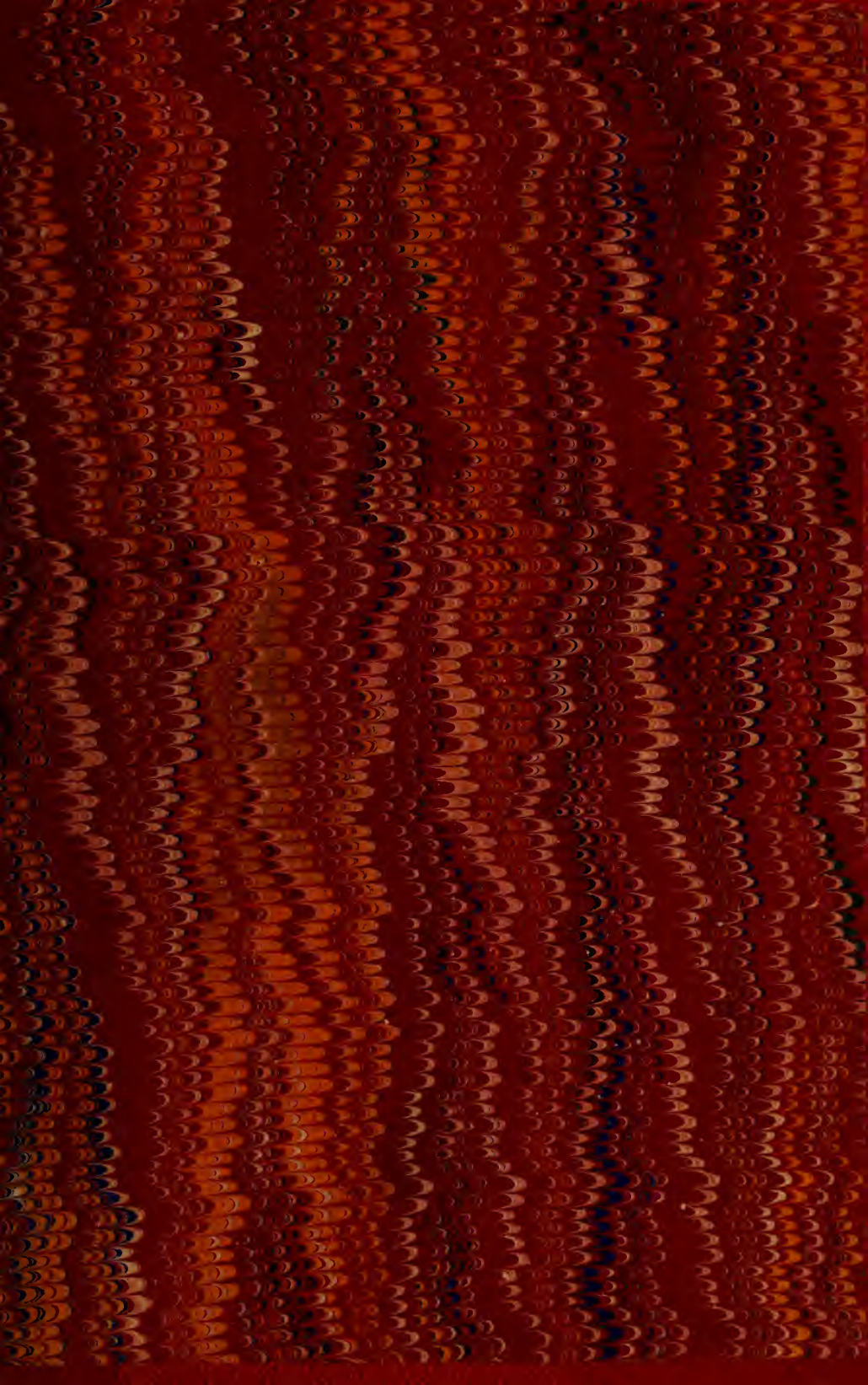

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